(4)

11. Check that all wiring and utilities are safe.

A state of the art fire fighting system is proposed for the project to prevent and control fire outbreaks. The fire fighting system will consist of portable fire extinguishers, hose reel, wet riser, yard hydrant, automatic sprinkler system, and manual fire alarm system. The buildings will also be provided with automatic fire detection and alarm system.

## 1.6 RESOURCE CONSERVATION

The project will lead to utilization of various natural resources. As an environmentally responsible corporate, the developers endeavor to conserve these resources by judicious management and recycling and strive to build up these resources where possible.

Water Resources: The project will use groundwater resources during operation phases of the project. Given the national water scenario, where availability of fresh water is fast dwindling, judicious use of the same cannot be over emphasized. Following means are proposed to be adopted for conservation of this life sustaining resource:

Limited withdrawal of groundwater: ground water will not be used during operational phase

Reduced use of water: To further minimize the use of available freshwater, various low flow fixtures may be provided such as Low flow flushing systems, sensor based fixtures, waterless urinals, tap aerators. Awareness will also be spread amongst the people on the following lines:

- · Timely detection and repair of all leakages;
- Turning off tap while brushing teeth;
- Avoiding use of running water while hand-washing;
- Avoiding use of running water for releasing ice tray ahead of time from freezer;
- Turning off the main valve of water while going outdoor;
- Avoiding use of hose for washing floors; Use of broom may be preferred;

- Watering of lawn or garden during the coolest part of the day (early morning or late evening, hours) when temperature and wind speed are lowest. This reduces losses due to evaporation.
- Planting of native and/or drought tolerant grasses, ground covers, shrubs and trees. Once fully grown, they need not to be watered frequently.
- Avoiding over watering of lawns. Good rains eliminate the need for watering for more than a week.
- Setting sprinklers to water the lawn or garden only, not the street or sidewalk;
- Avoiding installation or use of ornamental water features unless they recycle
  the water and avoiding running them during drought or hot weather;
- Installation of high-pressure, low-volume nozzles on spray washers;
- Replacement of high-volume hoses with high-pressure, low-volume cleaning systems;
- Equipping spring loaded shutoff nozzles on hoses;
- Installation of float-controlled valve on the make-up line, closing filling line during operation, provision of surge tanks for each system avoid overflow;
- Washing vehicles less often, or using commercial car wash that recycles water;

Treatment and Recycling: The wastewater generated from the sites will be treated in an onsite Sewage Treatment Plant. This will enable the treated wastewater to be used for flushing and landscaping thereby reducing the requirement of freshwater for these purposes.

Rainwater harvesting: The increased hard surface at project site increases the runoff as compared to the otherwise barren land. It is proposed to harvest this rainwater runoff and use it after filtration while reducing the burden of storm water management of the city and eventually natural water bodies. Apart from the open spaces, it is proposed to harvest the roof top rainwater. The storm water will be treated through an oil and grease trap and allowed to flow through layers of sand and gravel for filtration prior to reaching the water table, to avoid any possibility of groundwater contamination.



Construction materials: The project will require various kinds of natural construction materials such as sand, gravel etc. It is proposed for prior estimation of required quantities of these materials and procurement only as per requirement. This will also result in cost-efficiency. Excavated soil from the project site will be used within the site to the extent feasible. Excess soil will be made available to the construction sites, as per need.

Energy: To conserve the energy resources, good practices will be followed during the construction phase such as turning off lights and equipments when not in use, ensuring fuel efficiency of motors and vehicles through proper maintenance and minimal work at night. The principles of energy conservation will also be embedded in the buildings through use of energy efficient fixtures, maximum availability of natural light and use of solar energy for street lighting.

## 1.7 RESETTLEMENT AND REHABILITATION

The project will not result in displacement of any local population and hence, does not require a resettlement and rehabilitation study.