

State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Uttar Pradesh

Directorate of Environment, U.P.
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To:

Mr. Manish Gupta,
 Director,
 B-221, First Flrs, Sector-16,
 Noida, U.P.-201301

Ref. No.: SLAEAC/SLAEAC/EC/13/01/001/NDY

Date: 07 October, 2013

Sub: Environmental Clearance for group housing project "Royal Court" at plot no. G-18-04-C, Sector-16, Greater Noida, U.P., Mr Strategic Developers Pvt. Ltd.

Dear Sir,

Please refer to your application letter dated 07/01/2013, 03/04/2013, 08/07/2013 and 14/07/2013 addressed to the Secretary, SLAEAC/Director, Directorate of Environment, U.P. on the subject as above. The matter was considered by the State Level Expert Appraisal Committee in its meeting held on dated 29/07/2013.

A Presentation was made by the representatives of project proponent along with their consultant M/s CMC India (P) Ltd. The project proponent, through the documents submitted and the presentation made, informed the committee that:

1. The environmental clearance is sought proposed group housing project "Royal Court" on Plot no-G18-04-C, Sector-16, Greater Noida, of Mr Strategic Developers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi-110024.
2. The project is covered under Category-B of Sr. No. of schedule B(a) of EIA notification, 2006 as amended.
3. The project total plot and proposed area are 13,000 and 41,367.112 m² respectively.
4. Permissible FAR is 1.5-12,000 m² and proposed FAR is 3.4923-41,369.483 m².
5. For the proposed project total water requirement is 175 KLD. Fresh water demand is 115 KLD. Source of Water is Municipal Supply.
6. 90% water generated from the complex will be about 115 KLD which will be treated in the proposed in house STP of capacity 175 KLD.
7. Total Estimated municipal solid waste generated will be 900 kg/day.
8. For the proposed project Gross area (13,03% 24% of the open area) = 3248.567 m².
9. 347 ECAs are proposed for the project.
10. Maximum height of the building 64.45 m.
11. Rain water harvesting plot: 62.
12. Total power requirement for the proposed project is 1,420 KVA, which will be assured from LPPCB's power back up will be provided by DG sets (12 X 200) KVA.
13. The project was earlier considered in internal SLAEAC meeting dated 09/09/2013 and some information was sought by the SLAEAC from the project proponent.
14. The project proponent has submitted the reply regarding the query in reference to the internal SLAEAC meeting dated 09/09/2013.

Based on the recommendations of the State Level Expert Appraisal Committee (meeting held on 29/07/2013), the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (Meeting held on 20/09/2013) has decided to grant the Environmental Clearance to the project subject to the effective implementation of the following general and specific conditions:

A. General Conditions:

1. The proposed project shall be in conformity to land use approved by competent Authority.
2. It shall be ensured that all standards related to ambient environmental quality and the emission/effluent standards as prescribed by the MoEF are strictly complied with.
3. It shall be ensured that obtain the no objection certificate from the U.P. pollution control board before start of construction.
4. It shall be ensured that no construction work or preparation of land by the project management agency for securing the land is started on the project or the activity without the prior environmental clearance.
5. The proposed land use shall be in accordance to the prescribed land use. A land use certificate issued by the competent Authority shall be obtained in this regards.
6. All tree felling in the project area shall be as permitted by the forest department under the prescribed rules. Suitable clearance in this regard shall be obtained from the competent Authority.
7. Impact of drainage pattern on environment should be provided.
8. Surface hydrology and water regime of the project area within 10 km should be provided.
9. A suitable plan for providing shelter, light and fuel, water and waste disposal for construction labour during the construction phase shall be provided along with the number of proposed workers.
10. Measures shall be undertaken to recycle and reuse treated effluents for horticulture and irrigation. A suitable plan for waste water recycling shall be submitted.
11. Obtain project permission from competent authority regarding enhanced traffic during and due to construction and operation of project.
12. Obtain necessary clearance from the competent Authority on the abstraction and use of ground water during the construction and operation phases.
13. Hazardous/inflammable/explosive materials likely to be stored during the construction and operation phases shall be as per standard procedure as prescribed under law. Necessary clearance in this regards shall be obtained.
14. Solid wastes shall be suitably segregated and disposed. A separate and isolated municipal waste collection center should be provided. Necessary plan should be submitted in this regards.
15. Suitable rainwater harvesting systems as per designs of groundwater department shall be installed. Complete proposals in this regard should be submitted.
16. The processes and effluents etc. from machines, instruments and transport during construction and operation phases should be according to the prescribed standards. Necessary plan in this regard shall be submitted.
17. Water splashing and other dust control measures should be undertaken to take care of dust generated during the construction and operation phases. Necessary plan in this regard shall be submitted.
18. Suitable noise abatement measures shall be adopted during the construction and operation phases in order to ensure that the noise emissions do not violate the prescribed ambient noise standards. Necessary plan in this regard shall be submitted.
19. Separate stack piles shall be maintained for untreated top soil and the top soil should be utilized for preparation of green belt.
20. Sewage effluents shall be kept separate from rain water collection and storage system and separately disposed. Other effluents should not be allowed to mix with domestic effluents.
21. Hazardous/inflammable wastes generated during construction and operation phases should be disposed off as prescribed under law. Necessary clearance in this regard shall be obtained.
22. Alternative technologies for solid waste disposal (like vermi-composting etc.) should be used in consultation with expert organizations.
23. No wetland should be infringed during construction and operation phases. Any wetland coming in the project area should be suitably re-located and conserved.

24. Pavements shall be so constructed as to allow infiltration of surface run-off of rain water. Fully impermeable pavements shall not be constructed. Construction of pavements around trees shall be as per scientifically accepted principles in order to provide suitable watering, nutrition and moisture to the tree.
25. The Green building Concepts suggested by Indian Green Building Council, which is a part of CII-Greengate GBC, shall be studied and followed as far as possible.
26. Compliance with the safety procedures, norms and guidelines as outlined in National Building Code 2003 shall be compulsorily ensured.
27. Ensure usage of dual flush systems for flush systems and explore options to use remote flush buttons, waterless urinals and other water saving technologies.
28. Explore options for use of dual pipe plumbing for use of water with different qualities such as municipal supply, recycled water, ground water etc.
29. Ensure use of measures for reducing water demand like landscaping and using water-saving, efficient irrigation equipment & automated watering systems.
30. Make suitable provisions for using solar energy as alternative source of energy. Solar energy application should be incorporated for illumination of common areas, lighting the gardens and street lighting in addition to provision for water water heating. Present a detailed report showing how much percentage of backup power for illumination can be provided through solar energy so that use and polluting effects of EDL sets can be minimized.
31. Make separate provision for segregation, collection, transport and disposal of garbage.
32. Educate citizens and other stakeholders by putting up hoardings at different places to create environmental awareness.
33. Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.
34. Prepare and pass a disaster management plan.
35. The project proponents shall ensure that no construction activity is undertaken without obtaining pre-environmental clearance.
36. A report on the energy conservation measures pertaining to energy conserving measures fraction by fraction of energy efficiency should be prepared incorporating details about building materials and technology, R&D U Factors etc.
37. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of fly ash notifications of September, 1999 and amended as on August, 2003 (The above condition is applicable only if the project lies within 100 km of Thermal Power Stations).
38. The EDL sets to be used during construction phase should use low sulphur diesel type and should conform to E.P. rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
39. Alternate technologies to Chlorination (for disinfection of waste water) including methods like Ultra Violet radiation, Ozonation etc. shall be examined and a report submitted with justification for selected technology.
40. The green belt design along the periphery of the plot shall achieve attenuation factors conforming to the day and night noise standards prescribed for residential land use. The open spaces inside the plot should be suitably landscaped and covered with vegetation of indigenous variety.
41. The construction of the building and the consequent increased traffic load should be such that the microclimate of the area is not adversely affected.
42. The building should be designed so as to take sufficient safeguards regarding seismic zone sensitivity.
43. High rise buildings should obtain clearance from aviation department or concerned authority.
44. Suitable measures shall be taken to restrain the development of small commercial activities or stores in the vicinity of the complex. All commercial activities should be restricted to service areas earmarked for the purpose.
45. It is suggested that family programs for weaker sections of society/communities (including domestic help) and underprivileged children should be provided in a format way.

46. The use of Compact Fluorescent Lamps should be encouraged. A management plan for safe disposal of end-of-life CFLs should be submitted.
47. It shall be ensured that all Street and park lighting is solar powered. 20% of the same may be provided with dual (Solar/electrical) alternatives.
48. Solar water heater shall be installed to the maximum possible capacity. Plans may be drawn up accordingly and submitted with justification.
49. Treated effluents shall be maximally reused to aim for zero discharge. Where ever possible, a detailed management plan for disposal should be provided with quantity and quality of waste water.
50. The treated effluents should normally not be discharged into public areas with sewage treatment facilities as they adversely affect the hydrologic capacity of STP. If feasible, necessary permission from authorities should be taken.
51. Construction activities including movement of vehicles should be so managed so that no disturbance is caused to nearby residents.
52. All necessary statutory clearances should be obtained and submitted before start of any construction activity and if this condition is violated the clearance, if and when given, shall be automatically deemed to have been violated.
53. Parking areas should be in accordance with the norms of MCDRCP, Government of India. Plans may be drawn up accordingly and submitted.
54. The location of the STP should be such that it is away from human habitation and does not cause problem of odor. Odorless technology options should be examined and a report submitted.
55. The Environment Management plan should also include the break up costs for various activities and the management issues also so that the residents also participate in the implementation of the environmental management plan.
56. Detailed plans for safe disposal of STP sludge shall be provided along with ultimate disposal location, quantitative estimates and measures proposed.
57. Status of the project as on date shall be submitted along with photographs from North, South, West and East side during construction and adjoining areas should be provided.
58. Specific location along with dimensions with reference to STP, Parking, Open areas and Green belt etc. should be provided on the layout plan.
59. The DPC area shall be so developed so as to conform to prescribed stack heights and regulations and also to the noise standards as prescribed. Details should be submitted.
60. E-Waste Management should be done as per MoEF guidelines.
61. Electrical waste should be segregated and disposed separately as not to impose Environmental Risk.
62. The use of suitable processed plastic waste in the construction of roads should be considered.
63. Displaced persons shall be suitably rehabilitated as per prescribed norms.
64. Dispensary for first aid shall be provided.
65. Safe disposal arrangements of used medicines issued by Health should be assured. Treatment units could be given complementary to grants, adopting suitable measures.
66. Diesel generating set stacks should be measured for CO and THC.
67. Ground Water downstream of Rain Water Harvesting pit nearest to KEP should be measured for bacterial contamination. Necessary Hand Pumps should be provided for sampling. The monitoring is to be done both in pre and post monsoon seasons.
68. The green belt shall consist of 30% trees, 30% shrubs and 30% grass as per MoEF norms.
69. A separate electric meter shall be provided to monitor consumption of energy for the operation of non-pollutant treatment in tanks.
70. An energy audit should be annually carried out during the operational phase and submitted to the authority.
71. Project proponent shall endeavor to obtain ISO 14001 certification. All general and specific conditions mentioned under this environmental clearance should be included in the environmental manual to be prepared for the certification purposes and compliance.

72. Appropriate safety measures should be made for accidental fires.
73. Smokey-meters should be installed as warning measure for accidental fires.
74. Plan for safe disposal of R&G waste to be addressed.
75. Project falling within 10 K.M. area of Wild Life Sanctuary should obtain a clearance from National Board for Wild Life (NBWL) even if the eco-sensitive zone is not disturbed.

B. Specific Conditions:

1. Sprinkler to be used for curing and quenching during construction phase. No ground water to be used during construction and operation phase.
2. Environmental Corporate Responsibility (ECR) plan along with budgetary provision amounting to 2% of total project cost shall be submitted (within three months) on need base environmental study in the study area. Income generating measures which can help in upliftment of weaker section of society consistent with the institutional skills of the people identified. The program can include activities such as old age homes, rain water harvesting provisions in nearby areas, development of fodder bank, tree bearing orchards, vocational training etc. In addition, vocational training for individuals shall be ensured so that poor section of society can take up self employment and jobs. Separate budget for community development activities and income generating programmes shall be specified.
3. Use of LEDS should be adopted in place of CFL. Solar light is to be provided in the common areas with 50% of them may be with dual provision.
4. All internal and peripheral roads should be minimum 9 m. wide and all entry & exit should be full roundabout.
5. The Green Belt shall be raised all around the plant site which shall comprise of no less than 30% of the total area. The project proponent shall ensure that the density of trees are not less than 2500 per ha and ratio of survival of plantation shall be not less than 80%. The selection of plant species shall be as per the (CPCT) guidelines in consultation with the DFO.
6. Motion sensor based lights to be provided in parking areas, corridors, passages, walkways.
7. Wheel wash arrangement to be made at exit point during construction phase.
8. STP to be constructed during construction phase. 100% waste water is to be treated in STP conforming to prescribed standards of receiving body or designated use. Monitoring of STP to be done weekly till its stabilization then monthly.
9. Discharge of excess treated waste water into public drainage system needs permission from the concerned authority to be taken before prior to any discharge.
10. Provision for 100% Rain Water Harvesting in the project premises shall be made. RWH shall be initially done only from the roof top. RWH from green and other open areas shall be done only after permission from CGWB. No. of rain water harvesting pits shall be increased towards open areas.
11. Dedicated guest parking at site surface should be provided.
12. Management of compost material shall be adequately undertaken.
13. Stock lights should be calculated based on combined EGI net capacity and shall be higher than the taller building in the project.
14. The total excavated soil will be completely utilized at project site for levelling and back filling. The top soil generated during basement construction will be used for plantation and green area development. The management of surplus soil, if any, will be transported and managed in Eco-friendly manner and the plan will be submitted within 3 month.
15. Concrete to be provided during the construction and operation phase.
16. Provision of separate dedicated room to be made for senior citizen accommodation with proper amenities (TV, music system, indoor games etc.) for use day in and around the club house.
17. E-waste shall be managed as per e-waste notification. Temporary storage of e-waste place to made till it is given to recycler approved by CPCB.

18. Temporary storage for MW shall be provided atleast for two days towards mining direction from bifurcation.
19. CGWB permission is to be obtained before abstraction of Ground Water.
20. Post project monitoring for air, water (surface+ ground), Stack (including CO₂) and HCl. Name of D.G. test, RTP to be named and as CPCB Guidelines.
21. Adequate Vibration management for the Hammer shall be undertaken along with consultation of CED Members.
22. Project falling within 10 Km. area of Wild Life Sanctuary is to obtain a clearance from National Board Wild Life (DWWL) even if the non-sensitive zone is not earmarked.

This environmental clearance is subject to ownership of the site by the project proponent in confluence with approved Master Plan for Greater Noida by the competent Authority. In case of violation, it would not be effective and would automatically stand cancelled.

The project proponent will have to submit approved plans and proposals incorporating the conditions specified in the Environmental Clearance within 60 months of issue of the clearance. The SEIAA/MoEF reserves the right to revoke the environmental clearance, if conditions enstated are not implemented to the satisfaction of SEIAA/MoEF. SEIAA may impose additional environmental conditions or modify the existing ones, if necessary. Necessary statutory clearances should be obtained.

You are also directed to ensure that the proposed site is not a part of any no-development zone as required/prescribed/identified under law. In case of violation, this permission shall automatically cease to be cancelled. Also, in the event of any dispute on ownership or land use of the proposed site, this clearance shall automatically cease to be cancelled.

These regulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of Water Prevention and Control of Pollution Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notifications, 2006 including the amendments and rules made thereunder.

This is to request you to take further necessary action in the matter as per provisions of Gazette Notifications No. S.O. 1533(E) dated 14-9-2006, as amended and send regular compliance reports to the authority as prescribed in the aforesaid notifications.



(J.S. Yadav)

Member Secretary, SEIAA

Dated: 24/01/2017

No. _____, Parc 21, Sector 100, Noida

Copy for Information and communication to:

1. The Principal Secretary, Department of Environment, Govt. of Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow.
2. Advisor, EA Division, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt. of India, Parivartan Bhawan, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi.
3. Chief Conservator, Regional Office, Ministry of Environment & Forests, (Central Region), Kanchiyan Bhawan, 5th Floor, Sector-II, Agra, Lucknow.
4. The Member Secretary, U.P. Pollution Control Board, PCUP Bhawan, Faizabad Nagar, Lucknow.
5. District Magistrate, Faizabad Nagar.
6. Deputy Director, Regional Office, Directorate of Environment, Muzaffarnagar.
7. Copy to 9th Master Guard file.



J.P. Sharma
Director (Envr)/Secretary, SEAC
Department of Environment